



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL:: SURAT

SOCIAL SCIENCE

Roll No:

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Class: X

Marks: 80

Time Allowed: 3 hours

General Instructions:

- i. The question paper has 28 questions in all. All questions are compulsory.
- ii. Marks are indicated against each question.
- iii. Questions from serial number 1-7 are very short answer type questions. Each question carries one mark.
- iv. Questions from serial number 8 to 18 are 3 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 80 words each.
- v. Questions from serial number 19 to 25 are 5 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 100 words each.
- vi. Question number 26, 27 are map questions of 1 Mark each for History and question 28 from Geography of 3 marks. After completion, attach the map inside your answer book.

1. What was the main aim of the Treaty of Vienna, 1815?

OR

What was Agent Orange?

[1]

2. Which method of printing was developed in China?

OR

Which novel, O Chandu Menon tried to translate and finally he ended up with which novel? [1]

3. What do you mean by potential resources?

[1]

4. What does the prudential reason of Power Sharing stresses upon?

[1]

5. Write any two advantages of SHG's.

[1]

6. Which organization lays stress on liberalisation of foreign trade and foreign investments?

[1]

7. Suppose your parents want to purchase gold jewellery, which logo would they look for to ensure the quality? [1]

8. How did the local people in the areas, conquered by the Napoleon react to French rule?

OR

How are Vietnamese nationalist inspired by Japan and China to set up democratic republic with examples? [3]

9. Explain the factors responsible for the invention of the new printing spread to all parts of Europe.

OR

How did the novels of Jane Austen give a glimpse of the world women in 18th century Britain? [3]

10. Rainwater harvesting is a viable alternative socially, economically and environmentally. Support the statement with three examples. [3]

11. Which are the two most important cereal crops of India? Mention the geographical conditions required for the growth of anyone of these two crops. [3]

12. What were the major steps taken towards decentralisation in 1992? [3]

13. What do you understand by cross-cutting difference? Explain with one example. [3]

14. 'Most established democracies face which Challenge? Explain. [3]

15. Explain three indicators of Human Development report published by UNDP. [3]

16. 'Higher cost of borrowing increases the debt burden'. Explain with reference to the situation in rural areas. [3]

17. To get large orders from MNC's Indian garment exporters try hard to cut their own costs. As the cost of raw materials cannot be reduced exporters try to cut labour costs. How has this competition affected workers of garment industry? [3]

18. Create an advertisement for an online Consumer Awareness Campaign to help consumers to know their duties. [3]

19. Trade flourished and markets expanded in the late 19th century but there was a darker side to this process. Substantiate.

OR

Explain any five ways by which new markets and consumers were created in India by British manufacturers.

OR

According to your views underground railways eventually became a success or menace. Evaluate. [5]

20. What were the limits of Civil Disobedience Movement? Explain. [5]

21. Why are most of the Iron & Steel plants of India concentrated in Chhota Nagpur Plateau Region? Mention the problems faced by this industry. [5]

22. Write any three merits of waterways in India. Name any two national waterways.

OR

Explain the different types of roads in India.

[5]

23. How does India follow secularism?

[5]

24. Why are political parties required in democracies?

OR

Political party formed in 1885 name it. Explain its features and ideologies.

[5]

25. Mr. Shlok works as a railway officer and his neighbour, Mr. Alok works in Reliance Digital as a manager. Identify the sectors and differentiate between them.

OR

Imagine you are the Mayor of a city. Suggest in this context how to create more employment in the urban areas.

[5]

26. Locate and label the place in the given outline political map of India:

A place where the Congress Session held in 1920.

[1]

27. Locate and label the place in the given outline political map of India:

A place associated with Salt March.

[1]

28. Locate and label the following places on the given outline political map of India:

a. Namrup- Thermal power plant.

b. Naraura- Nuclear power plant.

Identify the following places marked on the same given outline political map of India and write their names: c. Mica mines.

d. Iron ore mines.

[3]

END OF EXAMINATON