



**DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL :: SURAT
SAMPLE PAPER
SOCIAL SCIENCE**

Roll No :

Class : X

Marks : 80

Time Allowed : 3 Hrs

Instructions:

1. There are 36 questions in all. All questions are compulsory. Marks for each question are indicated against the question.
2. Questions from serial number 1 to 16 are multiple choice questions of 1 mark each. Every MCQ is provided with four alternatives. Write the correct alternative in your answer book.
3. Questions from serial number 17 to 29 are 3 marks questions. Answers of these questions should not exceed 80 words each.
4. Questions from serial number 30 to 34 are 4 marks questions. Answers of these questions should not exceed 100 words each.
5. Question No. 35 is a map question of 2 marks from History and question number 36 is a map of 3 marks from Geography. . Attach the map inside your answer book.
6. This question paper contains 4 pages.

1. Which imperialistic power colonized Vietnam in modern period?

- a) The English b) the Russian c)The Japanese d) The French **[1]**

OR

What is not true regarding the conservative regimes set up in 1815?

- a. Not tolerate criticism regarding the legitimacy of autocratic government
b. Imposed censorship of press
c. Believed in traditional institutions like monarchy, church etc.
d. Favoured liberty and freedom **[1]**

2. What factor was seen as one way to civilize the ‘native’ of Vietnam by the French?

- a) Industry b) Education c) Trade d) None of these **[1]**

OR

Which female figure became an allegory of French nation?

a. Germania b. Julia Hebnar c. Marianne d. Garibaldi [1]

3. Why did Mahatma Gandhi go to Ahmedabad?

- a) to organize a satyagrah movement amongst mill workers
- b) to support the demands of landless labourers and poor peasants
- c) to organize a civil disobedience movement against the British rule
- d) to launch a nationwide agitation to oppose Rowlatt Act [1]

4. Who wrote Vande Mataram?

a) Rabindranath Tagore b) Bhagat Singh c) Sardar Patel d) Bankimchandra Chatterji

5. Which of the following states has the largest deposits of coal in India? [1]

a) West Bengal b) Assam c) Madhya Pradesh d) Orissa

6. Nellore is famous for

a) Iron deposits b) Coal deposits c) Mica deposits d) All of these [1]

7. It is important for us to improve our weaving sector instead of exporting yarn in large quantity because [1]

- a) More earning of foreign exchange
- b) More export of finished goods
- c) Value added to yarn sector
- d) All of these

8. Indira Gandhi international airport is in [1]

a) Delhi b) Mumbai c) Kolkata d) Allahabad

9. Following is not a function of sectional interest group:

- a) To form public opinion
- b) To help political parties
- c) To safeguard the interests of all the citizens
- d) To influence the politics of the government [1]

10. FEDECOR was :

a) the movement b) the movement and pressure group c) sectional pressure group d) public interest group [1]

- 11.** State party is recognized when 6% of total votes to the Legislative Assembly and wins atleast seats
 a) 4 b) 6 c) 2 d) none of these **[1]**
- 12.** The following involves the foundational challenge to democracy:
 a) to bring down an existing non-democratic government
 b) to give political participation to backward classes and women
 c) to strengthen institutions and practices of democracy
 d) both b) and c) **[1]**
- 13.** SHGs discourages in the poor people
 a) a sense of savings b) a sense of self reliance
 c) a sense of discipline d) a sense of non repayment of loans **[1]**
- 14.** Formal source of credit does not include
 a) Banks b) Industrial workers Cooperative
 c) moneylenders d) Krishak Cooperatives **[1]**
- 15.** The odd one in the group is
 a) Hero Honda b) Kwality Walls
 c) Maruti Suzuki d) Hyundai **[1]**
- 16.** Consumer movement recognizes the basic rights which are
 a) Right of choice b) Right to hear
 c) Right to safety d) Right to information **[1]**
- 17.** Mention the series of events that took place in South Vietnam after its division. What was the effect of unification seen in Vietnam? **[2+1]**
- OR**
- Explain the three reasons for the Greeks to win the Greek war of independence **[3]**
- 18.** How was the reinterpretation of history used as a tool in creating nationalism? **[3]**
- 19.** How can you classify the minerals? Give one example of each type. **[3]**
- 20.** Discuss the factors which made it possible to set up Jute industry near Hugli river.
 What was the main objective of National Jute Policy 2005? **[2+1]**
- 21.** What is the importance of manufacturing industries? **[3]**
- 22.** What are the conclusions drawn from the Nepal and Bolivia struggle? **[3]**

23. Give any three main points to justify that democracies are not successful in reducing economic inequalities. [3]
24. a) Under which conditions democracies accommodate social diversities?
 b) Mention the factors on which economic growth depends. [2+1]
25. Mention any three factors which will redefine democracy. [3]
26. Explain how an MNC is different from other companies? [3]
27. What can be the implications of higher cost of borrowings? [3]
28. Write a note on RTI. [3]
29. What is need for consumer education? [3]
30. How did the women play important role in Vietnam struggle? [4]

OR

Explain any four measures and practices introduced by revolutionaries to create a sense of collective identity amongst French people.

31. a) How was the non-cooperation movement carried out amongst middle class and tribal peasants?
 b) What was the difference between these two events? [3+1]
32. a) What do you know about 'Pawanhans Helicopter Ltd.'?
 b) What is Road Density? Why is the density of roads higher in Northern Plains? [2+2]
33. How do the political parties shape public opinion? [4]
34. What is foreign trade? Explain the important functions of foreign trade. [1+3]
35. Two features A and B are marked in the given outline political map of India. Identify these features with the help of the following information and write their names of the lines marked in the map.

A. Jallianwala Bagh incident

B. Nagpur Congress session (Dec 1920)

OR

Locate and label the following items on the map with appropriate symbols

i) Bardoli—no tax campaign

ii) Dandi---civil disobedience movement [2x1]

36. Three features –A, B and C are marked in the given outline political map of India.

Identify these features with the help of the following information and write their names of the lines marked in the map.

A. Mica Mine

B. Woolen Textile Centre

C. Terminal Station of National Highway No. 2

[3x1=3]

OR

Locate and label the following items on the same map with appropriate symbols.

(i) Bhusawal – Thermal Power Plant

(ii) Bokaro- Iron and Steel Centre

(iii) Tuticorin – Sea Port

[3x1=3]
